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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/648,651	08/25/2003	Rong-Tsun Wu	4712-124 US	3873
7590 08/24/2004			EXAMINER	
Mathews, Collins, Shepherd & McKay, PA			LEITH, PATRICIA A	
Suite 306				
100 Thanet Circle			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Princeton, NJ 08540-3674			1654	
			DATE MAILED: 08/24/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>v</b>						
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/648,651	WU, RONG-TSUN				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Patricia Leith	1654				
The MAILING DATE of this comm	unication appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisi after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co  - If the period for reply specified above is less than third  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximur  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for really reply received by the Office later than three mont earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	JNICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ornmunication. y (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thi n statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO eply will, by statute, cause the application to become A hs after the mailing date of this communication, even i	reply be timely filed  rty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	,—					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
·	once difficil Lx parte Quayle, 1999 O.I.	5. 11, <del>100</del> 0.0. 210.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)  Claim(s) 1-69 is/are pending in th 4a) Of the above claim(s) is 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to 8)  Claim(s) 1-69 are subject to restri	s/are withdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	re: a) accepted or b) objected to bjection to the drawing(s) be held in abeya ling the correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a cla a) All b) Some * c) None of 1. Certified copies of the prior 2. Certified copies of the prior 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internal	- · ·	Application No  n received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C.

121:

- Claims 1-6, drawn to an extract of Dendrobii Caulis, classified in class 424, subclass 725 for example.
- II. Claims 7-9, drawn to a method for preparing an extract of DendrobiiCaulis, classified in class 424, subclass 779 for example.
- III. Claims 10-29, drawn to a method for preparing an extract of Dendrobii, classified in class 426, subclass 425 for example.
- IV. Claims 30-33, drawn to an extract obtained according to the process of claim 10, classified in class 514, subclass 783 for example.
- V. Claims 34-37, drawn to an eluate according to the process of claim22, classified in class 208, subclass 311 for example.

- VI. Claims 38-41, drawn to an eluate according to the process of claim 25, classified in class 424, subclass 773 for example.
- VII. Claims 42-45, drawn to an eluate according to the process of claim 27, classified in class 520, subclass 1 for example.
- VIII. Claims 46-49, drawn to an eluate according to the process of claim 29, classified in class 424, subclass 773 for example.
- IX. Claims 50-57, drawn to a process for preparing an extract from a plant, classified in class 424, subclass 74 for example.
- X. Claims 58-61, drawn to a substance defined by Figs. 5-11, classified in class 424, subclass 774 for example.
- XI. Claims 62-65, drawn to a substance defined by Figs. 13-17, classified in class 424, subclass 725 for example.
- XII. Claims 66-69, drawn to a substance defined by Figs. 19-24, classified in class 424, subclass 779 for example.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

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Inventions I, IV,VI,VII,VIII,X,XI, XII and II, III, IX are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case it is clear from the claims that the process of Inventions II, III and IX may be used to make the inventions of I, IV,VI,VII,VIII,X,XI, XII which are all patentably distinct.

Inventions I, IV,VI,VII,VIII,X,XI and XII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are independent since they are not disclosed as capable of use together, they have different endogenous constituents because they are all extracted by different methods, they have different modes of operation, they have different functions, and/or they have different effects.

Inventions II, III and IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are

independent because they all employ different process steps to produce different products. As such, one would not have to practice the various methods at the same time to practice just one method alone. The search for each of the above inventions is not co-extensive particularly with regard to the literature search. Further, a reference which would anticipate the invention of one group would not necessarily anticipate or even make obvious another group.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each Group is not required for the others, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: 1) plant or plant part, 2) type of organic solvent (please chose a particular organic solvent; i.e., if 'alcohol' is chosen, please also chose a sub-species such as methanol, or if 'ester' is chosen, please chose a specific ester).

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species of 1 and 2 for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1-69 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added.

An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

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Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The Examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim

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is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.**Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patricia Leith whose telephone number is (571) 272-0968. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell can be reached on (571) 272-0974. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patricia Leith Primary Examiner Art Unit 1654

Jalain Leith

08/23/04